Scope

The *Journal of the History of International Law | Revue d'histoire du droit international* (*JHIL*) is an interdisciplinary journal on the history of international law with a broad outreach. It is placed among the top international law journals which are regularly consulted by all international lawyers with a general interest in the history of their field. It provides a forum for the emerging and expanding scholarship that takes a historical approach to exploring a wide range of issues in international law. It accommodates the growth in interest in the histories of international law from scholars working in related fields (such as global history, imperial history, intellectual history and international relations). It creates a venue for ground-breaking work in this field by combining tradition with innovation and to provide the opportunity to develop sustained critical engagement with work on the history of international law. The *Journal of the History of International Law | Revue d'histoire du droit international* encourages critical reflection on the classical grand narrative of international law as the purveyor of peace and civilization to the whole world. It specifically invites articles on extra-European experiences and forms of legal relations between autonomous communities which were discontinued as a result of domination and colonization by European Powers. It is open to all possibilities of telling the history of international law, while respecting the necessary rigour in the use of records and sources. It is a forum for a plurality of visions of the history of international law, but also for debate on such plurality itself, on the methods, topics, and usages, as well as the bounds and dead-ends of this discipline. Moreover, it devotes space to examining in greater depth specific themes.

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Instructions for Authors

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Double-blind Peer Review

JHIL uses a double-blind peer review system, which means that manuscript author(s) do not know who the reviewers are, and that reviewers do not know the names of the author(s). All manuscripts received are evaluated by the editors and after pre-screening, submitted to two anonymous external referees. In a separate title page file, authors must provide:

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Instructions for Authors

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Types of Contributions
The editors of the JHIL invite submissions of manuscripts on the history of international law. They welcome contributions to doctrinal history (history of concepts and teachings), diplomatic history, and biographical work on scholars, statesmen, or diplomats. They also invite new approaches such as global history and history from below, and submissions from all disciplines (history, philosophy, international relations, geography, sociology, economics, and others).
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For a scholarly research manuscript, the length should be 13000 words or less, including footnotes and bibliography. This is not a firm cap, but it is a strong preference.
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Manuscript Structure

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References should be given both in the footnotes, and in a bibliography at the end of the article.

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Footnotes should be numbered consecutively through the text of an article with a superscript numeral. The first time, references should be given as completely as possible. The same style should be used for both the footnotes as the Bibliography. Thereafter a short form should be used. Please use Ibid. instead of id. Please avoid using f. or ff. and refer to the exact pagination, 4-12. Write out the page numbers in full: 41-43, but not 41-3. Use “et seq.” instead of “f./ff.”

Short Forms for Footnotes, Repeated References
Books
Surname, Short Title 2017 (n x), 1-12.
Anghie, Imperialism 2005 (n. x), 67.
Benton/Ross, Legal Pluralism 2013 (n. x), 96-98.
Instructions for Authors

Book Chapters
Surname, ‘Short Title’ 2017 (n. x).
Roberts/Mann, ‘Law in Colonial Africa’ 1991 (n. x), 3-58.

Journal Articles
Surname, Short Title 2017 (n. x), 1-12.
Macalister-Smith/Schwietzke, ‘Bibliography’ 2001 (n. x), 89-96.

Newspaper Articles
Surname, ‘Short Title’ 2017 (n. x).

Cases
Court or institution, Short name (n. x).
ICJ, Corfu Channel case (n. x), para. 10.
ECHR, Stoll v. Switzerland (n. x), paras 51-53.

Treaties
Treaty (short title), 1984 (year of signature) (n. x).
Convention against Torture, 1984 (n. x), art. 5.

National Laws
Treaty (short title), Date (year of signature) (n. x).
Alien Tort Statute, 1789 (n. x), para. 1.

Internet Publication
Surname(s)(or Organisation), ’Short Title’ 2017(n. x).

Reference Style for 1st Mention in Footnotes and Bibliography
Books
Author, Arthur A. and Ben Author. The Title of the Book (Location: Publisher, 2017).
Instructions for Authors

Book Chapters
Author, Arthur, and Brenda Author. ‘The Title of the Article’. In The Title of the Book, eds. Arthur Editor, Ben Editor and Chris Editor (Location: Publisher, Edition (if applicable), 2017), 1–10

Journal Articles
If a doi number is available, please insert it.

Newspaper Articles
Author(s), Arthur. ‘Paper Title: Subtitle’. Title of Newspaper (Full Date), page number(s).

Law Cases
Court or Institution, Case Name, Document Type including Date, Source.
ICJ, Corfu Channel case (United Kingdom v. Albania), Judgment of 9 April 1949, ICJ Reports 1949, 4.
WTO, United States — Anti-Dumping and Countervailing Measures on Steel Plate from India, Report of the Panel of 28 June 2002, WT/DS206/R.
ICSID, Biwater Gauff (Tanzania) Limited v. United Republic of Tanzania, ICSID Case No. ARB/05/22, Award of 24 July 2008.

Treaties
Full Title, Date of Signature, Source (e.g., UNTS, ILM).
UN Treaty Series reference: You can find these references (volume and page number) on the following website: http://treaties.un.org/pages/ParticipationStatus.aspx
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Where articles are divided into *numbered* paragraphs, we prefer to cite these as, e.g.: Article 19(3), Article IV(6).
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According to national references:
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Letters to Editors

The editors welcome correspondence on content published in the JHIL. Letters to the editors for publication are subject to the following guidelines:

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- The letters are usually not peer reviewed, but the journal might invite replies from the authors of the original publication, or pass on letters to these authors. All accepted letters are edited, and proofs will be sent out to authors before publication.
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Books for Review

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